



# HITS

Heidelberg Institute for  
Theoretical Studies



# On the core of $\alpha$ Cen A

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June 26, 2023

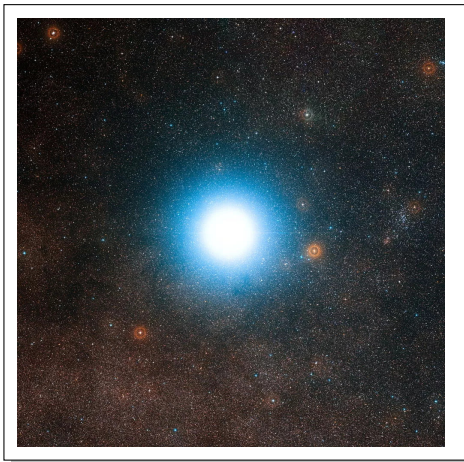
# $\alpha$ Cen A (and its core)

## The Star...

- Close, bright object
  - Temperature
  - Luminosity
  - Surface abundances
  - Radius
- Close binary
  - Precise mass

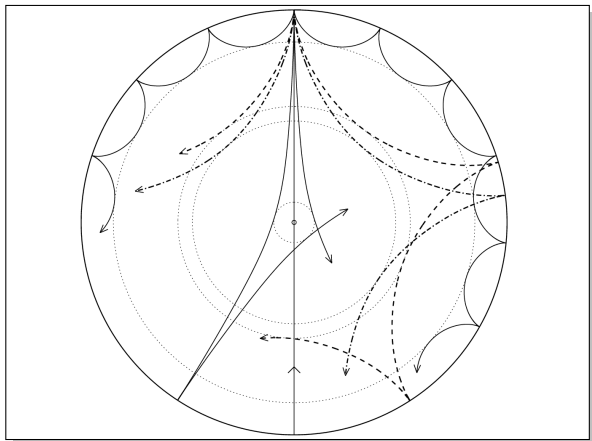
## ...its Heart

- Age
- Asteroseismology



Credit: ESO/Digitized Sky Survey 2

# Asteroseismology

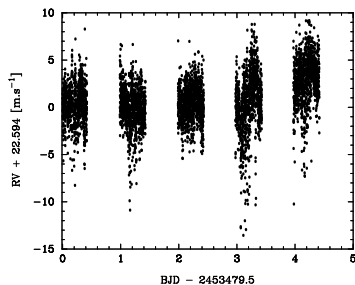


Credit: J. Christensen-Dalsgaard

# Asteroseismic data

## Three ground-based campaigns

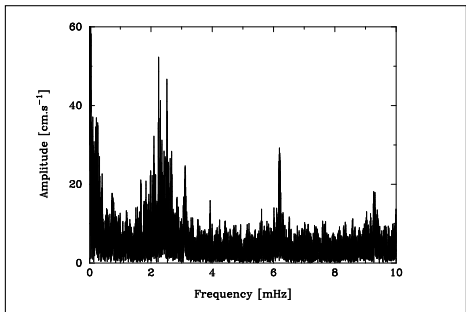
- Coralie (obs. 2001)
- UVES + UCLES (obs. 2001)
- HARPS (obs. 2005)



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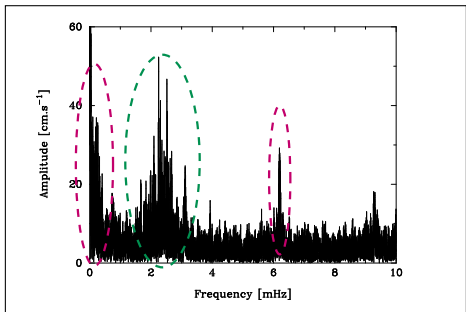
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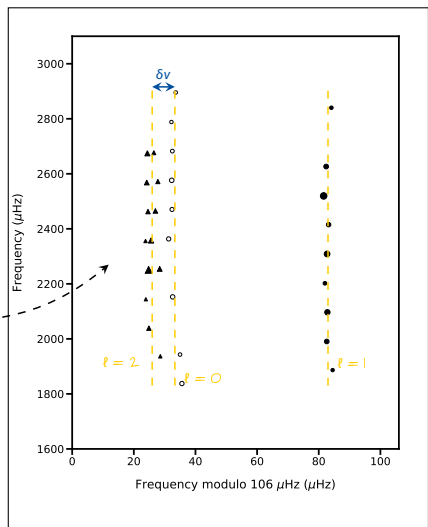
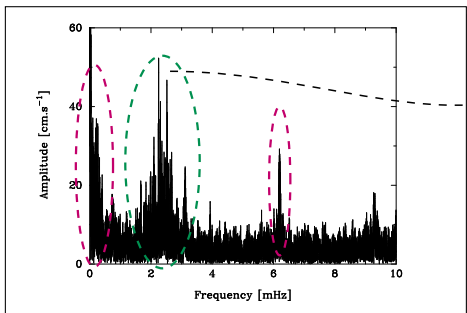
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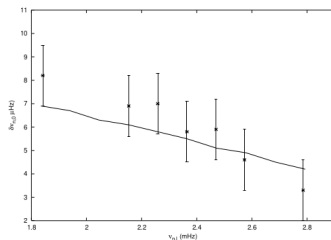
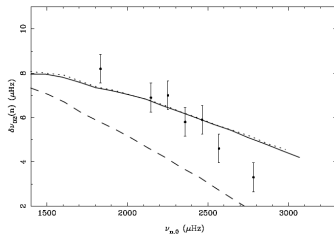
# The first seismic models

## Star Core Wars

- Convective core (Thévenin et al. 2002)
- Radiative core (Thoul et al. 2003)

## But why !?

- Same seismic data
- Some other data may vary
- Different codes





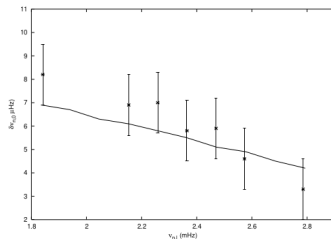
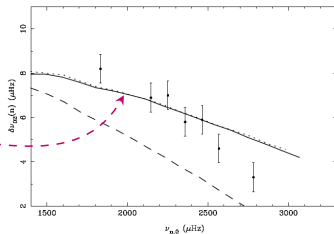
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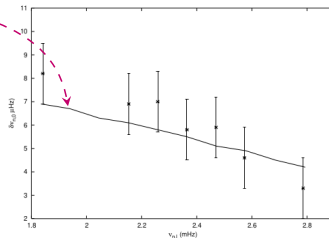
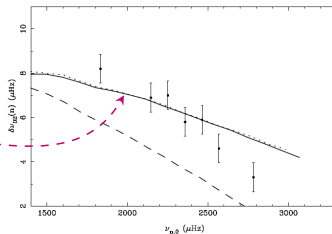
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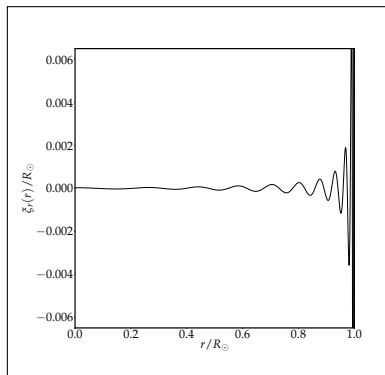
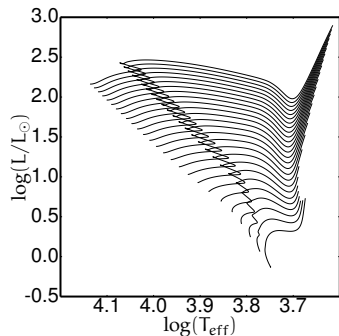
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# The stellar model

## Structure and evolution – ASTEC

- Opal 95 opacities
- Opal equation of state
- Abundances: Grevesse et al. 1993



## Oscillation – adipls

- Adiabatic
- Non-radial

# Inverse problem

## Parameter estimation

$$\mathbf{d} \rightarrow \hat{\mathbf{p}}$$

$$\mathbf{p} = \{M, \tau, X_0, Z_0, \alpha, \alpha_{\text{ov}}\}$$

## Bayesian model

Statistical model (likelihood)

$$\pi(\mathbf{d}|\mathbf{p}) = L(\mathbf{p}|\mathbf{d})$$

Bayesian model  
(likelihood + prior)

$$\pi(\mathbf{p}|\mathbf{d}) \propto \pi(\mathbf{p})L(\mathbf{p}|\mathbf{d})$$

## Sampling

Markov chain Monte Carlo

## Data

- Temperature  $5810 \pm 50$  K
- Luminosity  $1.522 \pm 0.30 L_{\odot}$
- Metallicity  $Z/X = 0.039 \pm 0.006$
- Radius  $1.224 \pm 0.003 R_{\odot}$
- Seismic data: HARPS

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## Sampling

Markov chain Monte Carlo

This is the target density



This is the parameter space

# Inverse problem

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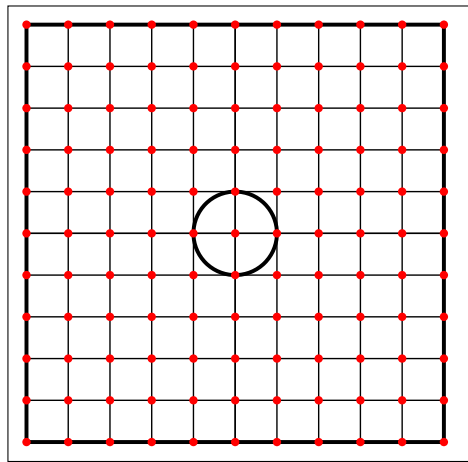
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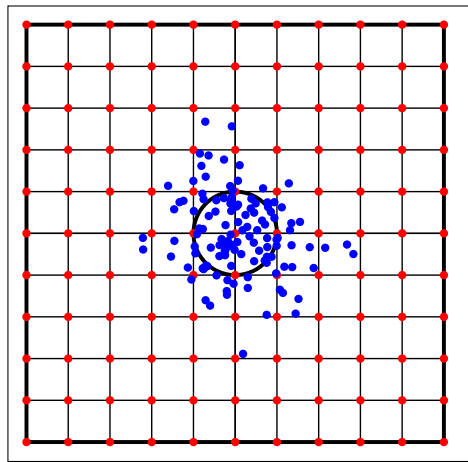
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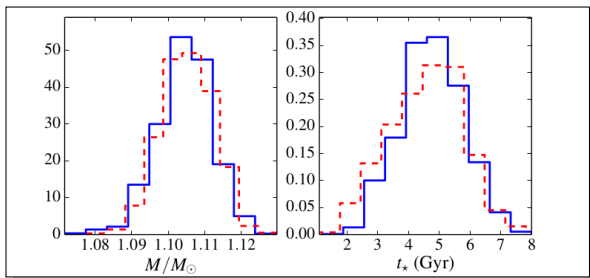
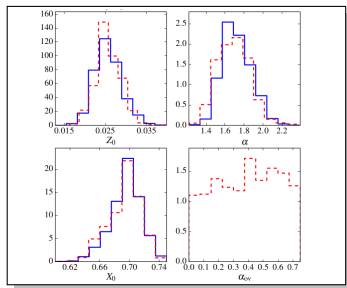
Markov chain Monte Carlo



# First results

## Varying prescriptions

- NACRE reaction rates
- Overshoot: on/off

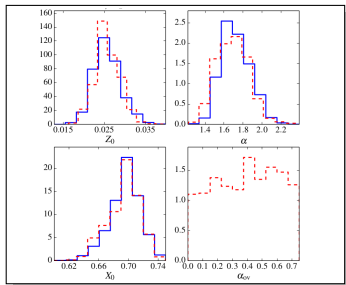




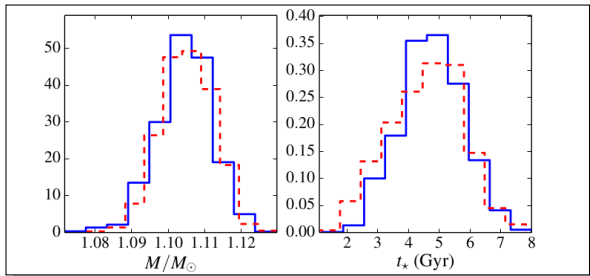
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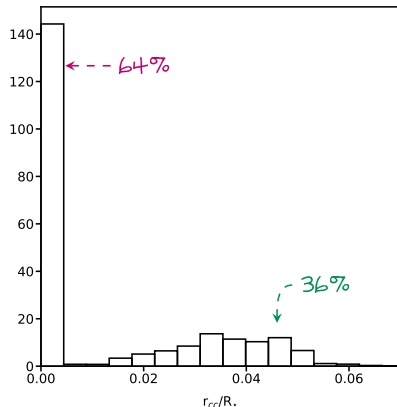
$1.105 \pm 0.001 M_{\odot}$



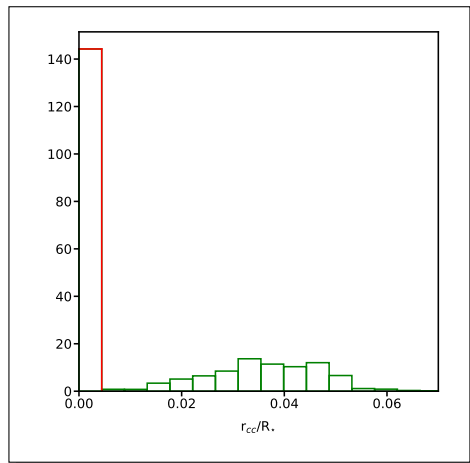
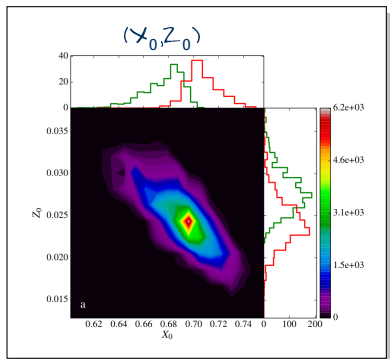
# Is there a convective core?

## A convective core means

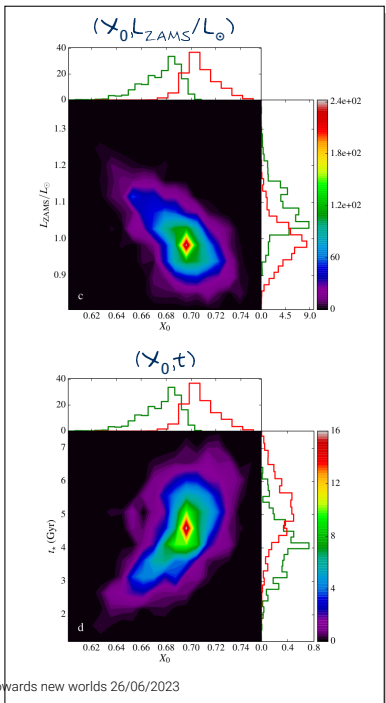
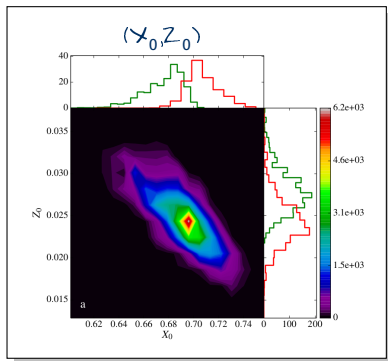
- Younger
- Initially more metal-rich & H poor
- Lower mixing-length parameter



# Is there a convective core?



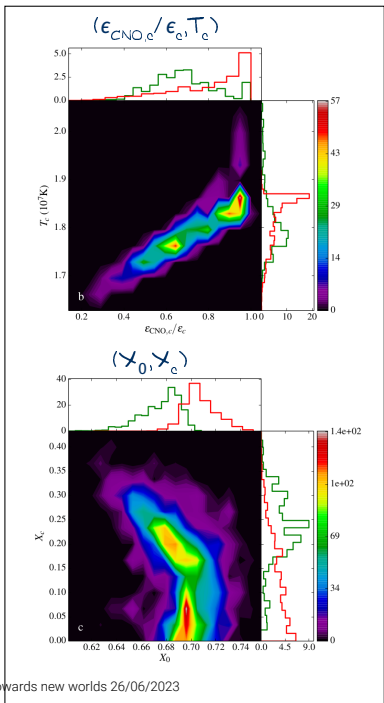
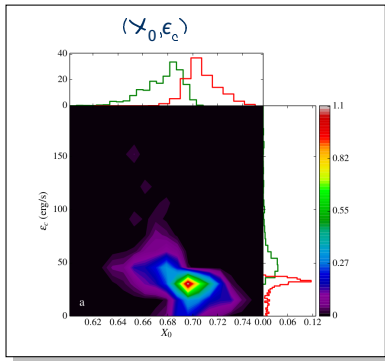
# Is there a convective core?



# The many cores of $\alpha$ Cen A

## Three shall be the number

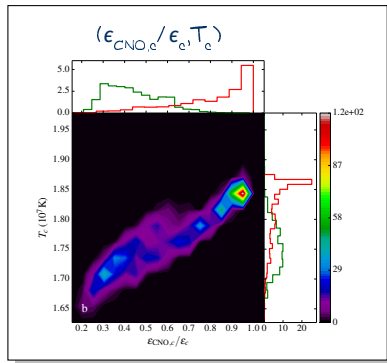
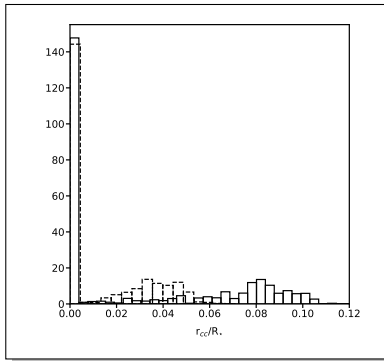
- Convective core
- Radiative with H burning
- Isothermal radiative



# Or is that so?

## Changing the rates

- LUNA rates: ~3% with convective cores
- Distinguishing rates?



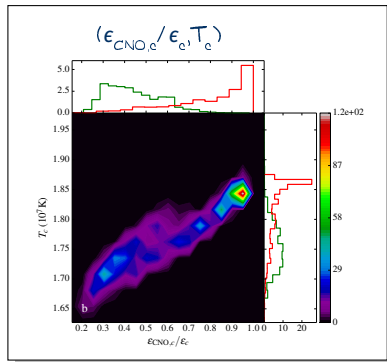
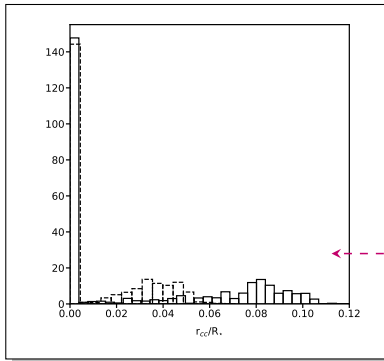
## "Non-standard" effects

- Overshoot: larger cores, ppll
- He diffusion: ~89% with convective cores

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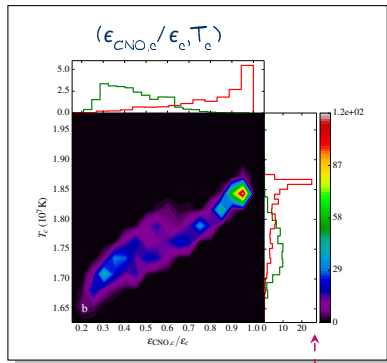
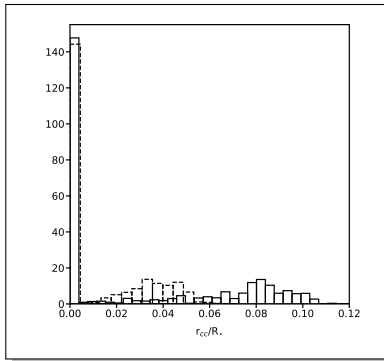
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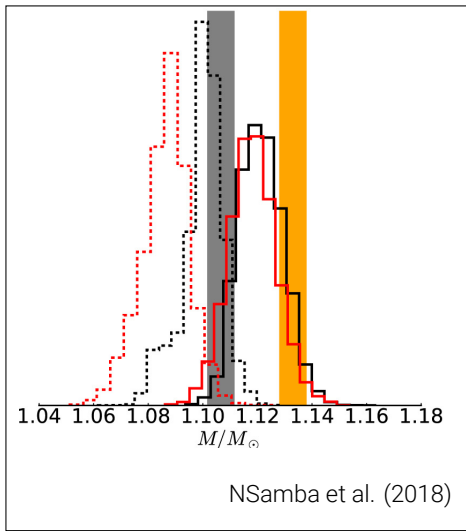
# Going further

## Nsamba et al. (2018)

- Data
  - de Meulenaer et al. (2010)
- Model: MESA
- Method
  - Bayesian setting
  - Sampling: AIMS

## Salmon et al. (2021)

- Data
  - de Meulenaer et al. (2010)
- Model: MESA
- Method
  - Frequentist setting
  - Optimization (Levenberg-Marquardt)



# Conclusions & Perspectives

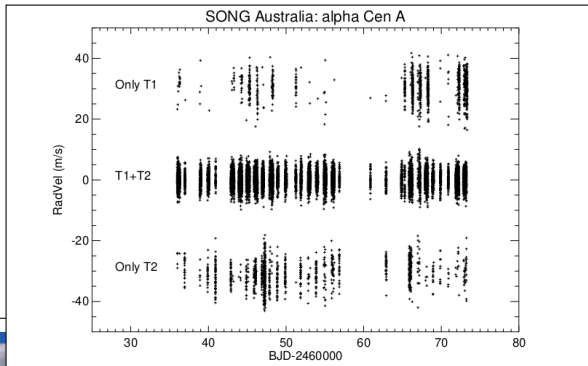
## Next steps for $\alpha$ Cen A

- Synthesis?
  - Same data
  - Same model
  - Same method
- Benchmarking (PLATO)

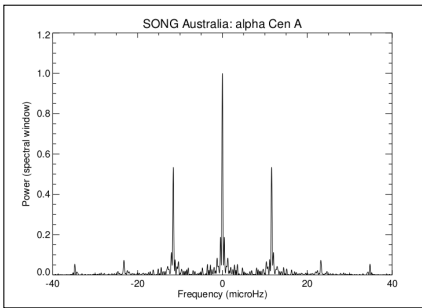
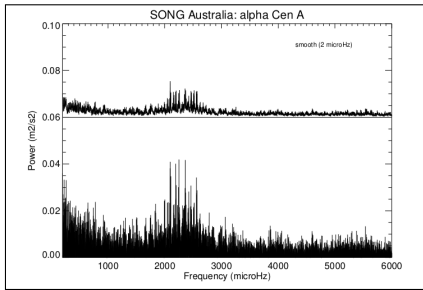
## Seismology – present & future

- Re-analyzing old data?
- PLATO → No
- Large telescopes → ?

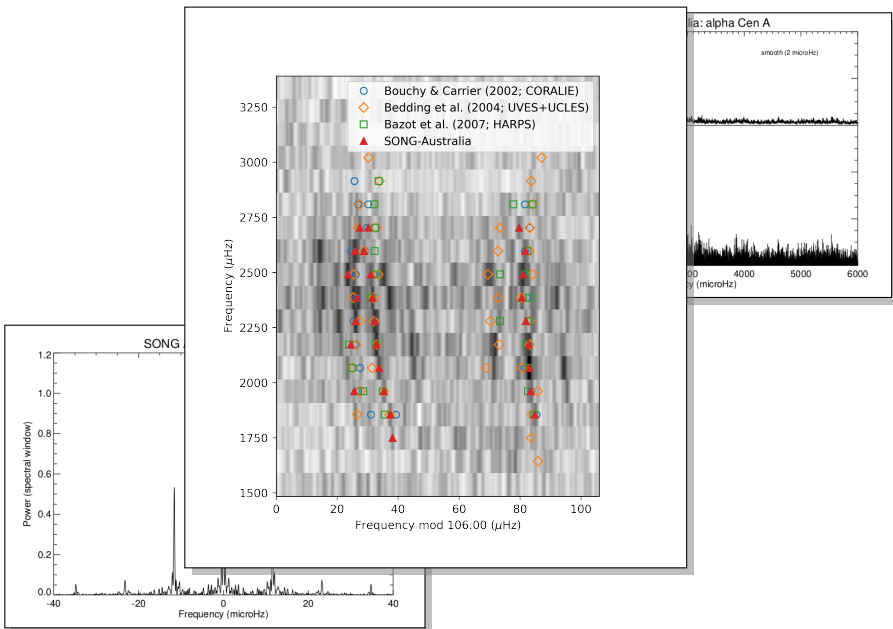
# SONG — The $\alpha$ Cen A sessions



# First results



# First results



# Conclusions & Perspectives



## Next steps

- Data analysis
- Synthesis
  - Same data
  - Same model
  - Same method
- Benchmarking improved by SONG (still for PLATO)

## Seismology – present & future

- Rotation
- Differential rotation
- Activity
- Connecting seismology and other approaches

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*Back to the core !*